

M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

UB-6

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PRODUCT NAME: UB-6
 TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #307554-5243P
 UN NUMBER : N/A

HMIS CODES: H F R P
 2 0 0 E

===== SECTION I - MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION =====

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: PARISER INDUSTRIES
 ADDRESS : 91 MICHIGAN AVE
 PATERSON, NJ 07503

EMERGENCY PHONE : 800-424-9300 DATE PRINTED : 07/22/04
 INFORMATION PHONE : 973-569-9090 NAME OF PREPARER : ENVIRONMENTAL
 DEPARTMENT

===== SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION =====

REPORTABLE COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	VAPOR PRESSURE mm Hg @ TEMP	WEIGHT PERCENT
SODIUM METASILICATE ANHYDROUS NOT ESTABLISHED	6834-92-0	N/A N/A 20.00	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE PEL=2mg/m3, CEILING TLV=2MG/M3, CEILING	1310-73-2	42mmHG1000øC	12.00

*** No toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372 are present. ***

===== SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS =====

pH 1% SOLUTION : 12.0 +/- .7
 BOILING RANGE: 1388øC SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1.37
 VAPOR DENSITY: N/A EVAPORATION RATE: N/A
 COATING V.O.C.: NOT APPLICABLE MATERIAL V.O.C.: NOT APPLICABLE
 SOLUBILITY IN WATER: SOLUBLE
 APPEARANCE AND ODOR: BROWN AND WHITE POWDER

===== SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA =====

FLASH POINT : N/A METHOD USED: N/A
 FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: N/A UPPER: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOR FIRES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, WATER SPRAY, CARBON DIOXIDE, FOAM OR DRY CHEMICAL MAY BE USED

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES
 SELF-CONTAINED POSITIVE PRESSURE BREATHING APPARATUS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING SHOULD BE WORN. WATER SPRAY MAY BE USED TO CONTROL DUST.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
 FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR SELF-CONTAINED POSITIVE-PRESSURE BREATHING APPARATUS AND AVOID SKIN CONTACT.

===== SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA =====

STABILITY: STABLE
 CONDITIONS TO AVOID
 MIXTURE WITH WATER, ACID OR INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS CAN CAUSE SPLATTERING AND RELEASE OF LARGE AMOUNTS OF HEAT. WILL REACT IN THE PRESENTS OF MOISTURE WITH SOME METALS FORMING FLAMABLE HYDROGEN GAS.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)
 CHLORINATED AND FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS
WILL NOT DECOMPOSE

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

===== SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA =====

INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF DUST, MIST, OR SPRAY OF THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT AND THE LUNG TISSUE WHICH COULD PRODUCE CHEMICAL PNEUMONIA DEPENDING UPON SEVERITY OF EXPOSURE.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

SKIN: THIS PRODUCT IS DESTRUCTIVE TO TISSUES CONTACTED AND PRODUCES SEVERE BURNS. A LATENT PERIOD MAY EXIST BETWEEN EXPOSURE AND SENSE OF IRRITATION. EYE CONTACT: THIS PRODUCT IS DESTRUCTIVE TO EYE TISSUES ON CONTACT. WILL CAUSE SEVERE BURNS THAT RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE EYES AND EVEN BLINDNESS.

SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

THIS PRODUCT IS DESTRUCTIVE TO TISSUES CONTACTED AND PRODUCES SEVERE BURNS. A LATENT PERIOD MAY EXIST BETWEEN EXPOSURE AND SENSE OF IRRITATION.

INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

CORROSIVE TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES OF THE MOUTH, THROAT, ESOPHAGUS AND STOMACH. MAY CAUSE PERFORATION OF THE ESOPHAGUS OR STOMACH. LARGE AMOUNTS MAY CAUSE NAUSEA, VOMITING, CRAMPS, ABDOMINAL PAIN, DIARRHEA AND SEVERE INFLAMMATION OF THE STOMACH AND INTESTINAL TRACT

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

CORROSIVE TO ALL BODY TISSUES WITH WHICH IT COMES IN CONTACT. THE EFFECT OF LOCAL DERMAL EXPOSURE MAY CONSIST OF MULTIPLE AREAS OF SUPERFICIAL DESTRUCTION OF THE SKIN OR OF PRIMARY IRRITANT DERMATITIS. SIMILARY, INHALATION OF DUST, SPRAY, OR MIST MAY RESULT IN VARYING DEGREES OR IRRITATION OR DAMAGE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT TISSUES AND AN INCREASED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO RESPIRATORY ILLNESS. THESE EFFECTS ONLY OCCUR WHEN THE TLV IS EXCEEDED. THERE ARE NO CHRONIC EFFECTS.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: No IARC MONOGRAPHS: No OSHA REGULATED: No

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

MAY AGGRAVATE EXISTING SKIN AND/OR EYE CONDITIONS ON CONTACT.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYES: OBJECT IS TO FLUSH MATERIAL OUT IMMEDIATELY THEN SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. FLUSH EYES WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST SEVERAL MINUTES HOLDING LIDS APART TO ENSURE FLUSHING OF THE ENTIRE SURFACE. WASHING EYES WITHIN 1 MINUTE IS ESSENTIAL TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM EFFECTIVENESS. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. SKIN: WASH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR. WASH CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. FOOTWEAR SHOULD BE DECONTAMINATED BEFORE REUSE. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SYMPTOMS ARE PRESENT. INHALATION: GET PERSON OUT OF CONTAMINATED AREA TO FRESH AIR. IF RESPIRATION STOPS, GIVE MOUTH-TO-MOUTH RESUSCITATION. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SYMPTOMS ARE PRESENT. INGESTION: NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. GIVE LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. (IF AVAILABLE, GIVE SEVERAL GLASSES OF MILK). IF VOMITING OCCURS SPONTANEOUSLY, KEEP AIRWAY CLEAR. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

===== SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE =====

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED LEAKS SHOULD BE STOPPED. SPILLS SHOULD BE CONTAINED AND CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY. SPILLS SHOULD BE REMOVED BY USING A VACUUM TRUCK. NEUTRALIZE REMAINING TRACES

OF MATERIAL WITH ANY DILUTE INORGANIC ACID SUCH AS HYDROCHLORIC, SULFURIC, NITRIC, PHOSPHORIC, AND ACETIC ACID. THE SPILL AREA SHOULD THEN BE FLUSHED WITH WATER FOLLOWED BY LIBERAL COVERING OF SODIUM BICARBONATE. ALL CLEAN-UP MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED AND PLACED IN APPROVED CONTAINERS, LABELED AND STORED IN A SAFE PLACE TO AWAIT PROPER TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL. SPILLS ON AREAS OTHER THAN PAVEMENT, I.E., DIRT OR SAND, MAY BE HANDLED BY REMOVING THE AFFECTED SOILS AND PLACING IN APPROVED CONTAINERS. PERSONS PERFORMING CLEAN-UP WORK SHOULD WEAR ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING. SPILLS OR RELEASES SHOULD BE REPORTED, IF REQUIRED, TO THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATORY AGENCIES. CAUTION: SODIUM HYDROXIDE MAY REACT VIOLENTLY WITH ACIDS AND WATER.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

IF MATERIAL CANNOT BE SALVAGED, THE PREFERRED METHOD OF DISPOSAL IS IN A SECURE CHEMICAL LANDFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

DO NOT HANDLE UNLESS THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD. AVOID EYE AND SKIN CONTACT. AVOID INHALATION OF DUST OR VAPORS. DO NOT PUNCTURE, DRAG OR SLIDE CONTAINERS. DO NOT SMOKE IN ANY CHEMICAL HANDLING OR STORAGE AREA. WASH HANDS BEFORE EATING. STORE IN A COOL, DRY AND WELL-VENTILATED LOCATION. PROTECT FROM HUMIDITY. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. STORE AWAY FROM INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

N/A

===== SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES =====

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR FOR PARTICULATES. LOCAL EXHAUST, VENTILATE AS REQUIRED.

VENTILATION

GENERAL MECHANICAL VENTILATION OR LOCAL EXHAUST SHOULD BE SUITABLE TO KEEP VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS BELOW TLV. VENTILATION EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE EXPLOSION PROOF.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

NEOPRENE GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN. GLOVES MAY BE DECONTAMINATED BY WASHING WITH MILD SOAP AND WATER.

EYE PROTECTION

EYE GLASSES OR GOGGLES SHOULD BE WORN IN DUSTY AREAS.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING MAY BE WORN IN DUSTY AREAS, BUT IS GENERALLY NOT REQUIRED.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

WARM WATER SHOWERING AND HANDWASHING IS SUGGESTED AFTER WORKING IN EXTREMELY DUSTY AREAS. EYEWASH STATIONS ARE RECOMMENDED IN THE WORK AREA. THOROUGHLY WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE HANDLING FOOD, SMOKING OR APPLYING MAKEUP. WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND DRY BEFORE REUSE

===== SECTION IX - DISCLAIMER =====

TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS ACCURATE, OBTAINED FROM SOURCES BELIEVED BY PARISER INDUSTRIES, INC., TO BE ACCURATE. AS WITH ALL CHEMICALS, KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN, ANIMALS, AND FOOD PRODUCTS. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY, USE AS DIRECTED.

===== SECTION X - UN CODE =====

N/A